# Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II ARSN 087 719 917 Annual report - 30 June 2020

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These financial statements cover the Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of the Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (ABN 29 082 494 362). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 307 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000.

### **Directors' report**

The directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, the Responsible Entity of the Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II ("the Fund"), present this report together with the financial statements of the Fund for the year ended 30 June 2020.

#### **Principal activities**

The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Fund invests primarily in Australian real estate investment trusts ('AREITs') and real estate securities listed on the Australian Securities Exchange ('ASX'), but also seeks to enhance returns by having the ability to invest up to 20% of the Fund in real estate investment trusts and real estate securities listed on global exchanges.

For reasons of investment efficiency, the Fund may gain its exposure by holding units in other managed investment schemes and/or through direct investment holdings.

Resolution Capital Limited is the Investment Manager of the Fund.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

#### Directors

The following persons held office as directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Mr I Macoun Mr A Ihlenfeldt Mr C Kwok Mr T O'Callaghan (resigned 5 August 2019) Mr A Whittingham (appointed 5 August 2019)

The Responsible Entity also has a Compliance Committee consisting of one non-independent person and three independent persons. The committee's role is to oversee the compliance requirements of the Fund operated by the Responsible Entity. The committee met four times during the financial year.

#### **Review and results of operations**

There have been no significant changes to the operations of the Fund since the previous financial period. The Fund continued to invest funds in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in the governing documents of the Fund.

The COVID-19 pandemic caused significant volatility in the financial markets during the last quarter of the financial year due to uncertainty about the breadth and duration of business disruptions related to COVID-19, and the impact on international economies. This has had an impact on the results of the Fund.

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended		
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	(5,683)	5,728	
<i>Distributions</i> Distributions paid and payable Distributions (cents per unit)	562 2.6213	872 3.8297	

### **Directors' report (continued)**

#### Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year.

#### Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2020 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

#### Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objectives and guidelines as set out in the governing documents of the Fund.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

The outbreak of COVID-19 worldwide has led to extreme volatility in equities markets, which impacts the value of the Fund's assets. Governments have introduced significant fiscal stimulus, but it is still too soon to predict the longer-term economic impacts. The Directors of the Responsible Entity are monitoring the evolution of the situation closely. The Fund has procedures in place to actively monitor its service providers to ensure its continued operational effectiveness. In addition, the Fund is closely monitoring its investment policies, strategies, investment flows, performance and liquidity during this period. As at the date of this report, the fund has not experienced liquidity issues and has been able to facilitate all redemptions when due.

#### Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited or the auditors of the Fund. So long as the officers of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited act in accordance with the Fund's Constitution and the Law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Fund against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Fund.

The auditors of the Fund are not indemnified out of the assets of the Fund.

#### Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Fund's property during the year are disclosed in note 16 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Fund's property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

The number of interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in note 15 to the financial statements.

## **Directors' report (continued)**

### Interests in the Fund (continued)

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed in the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in note 2 to the financial statements.

#### **Environmental regulation**

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

#### Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

Amounts in the directors' report have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars in accordance with ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, unless otherwise indicated.

#### Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Mr A Ihlenfeldt Director

Brisbane 22 September 2020



# Auditor's Independence Declaration

As lead auditor for the audit of Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund Series II for the year ended 30 June 2020, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- (a) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- (b) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

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Ben Woodbridge Partner PricewaterhouseCoopers

Brisbane 22 September 2020

**PricewaterhouseCoopers, ABN 52 780 433 757** 480 Queen Street, BRISBANE QLD 4000, GPO Box 150, BRISBANE QLD 4001 T: +61 7 3257 5000, F: +61 7 3257 5999, www.pwc.com.au

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## Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2020

## Statement of comprehensive income

		Year ended		
		30 June 2020	30 June 2019	
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	
Investment income				
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		2	6	
Dividend/Trust distribution income	5	1,300	1,441	
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or				
loss	6	(6,700)	4,580	
Net gains/(losses) on foreign exchange		(5)	8	
Other operating income	-	1	2	
Total net investment income	-	(5,402)	6,037	
-				
Expenses	10			
Management fees	16	255	293	
Transaction costs	-	26	16	
Total operating expenses	-	281	309	
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		(5,683)	5,728	
	-			
Other comprehensive income		-	-	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	-	(5,683)	5,728	
· · · ·	-	<u>.</u>		

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Statement of financial position

	As at		
		30 June	30 June
		2020	2019
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	437	710
Receivables	12	358	639
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	10	25,303	33,858
Total assets		26,098	35,207
Liabilities			
Distributions payable	8	339	846
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	11	-	1
Payables	13	275	453
Total liabilities	-	614	1,300
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	15	25,484	33,907

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Statement of changes in equity

		Year ended		
	Natao	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	
Total equity at the beginning of the financial year		33,907	30,934	
Comprehensive income for the financial year				
Profit/(loss) for the year		(5,683)	5,728	
Other comprehensive income	-			
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		(5,683)	5,728	
Transactions with unitholders				
Applications	15	2,807	2,098	
Redemptions	15	(5,464)	(4,340)	
Reinvestment of distributions	15	479	359	
Distributions paid and payable	15	(562)	(872)	
Total transactions with unitholders	-	(2,740)	(2,755)	
Total equity at the end of the financial year	-	25,484	33,907	

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## Statement of cash flows

		Year ended		
		30 June 2020	30 June 2019	
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Proceeds from the sale of financial instruments at fair value through				
profit or loss		20,045	10,311	
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(17,962)	(8,281)	
Transaction costs on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(26)	(16)	
Dividend/Trust distributions received		1,136	1,319	
Interest received		2	6	
Other operating income received		1	2	
Management fees paid		(285)	(288)	
RITC (paid)/received		3	(1)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17(a)	2,914	3,052	
Cash flows from financing activities				
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		2,813	2,092	
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(5,411)	(4,598)	
Distributions paid Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		<u>(590)</u> (3,188)	(397)	
Net cash mnow/(outliow) from mancing activities		(3,100)	(2,903)	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(274)	149	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		710	561	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1	-	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	17(b), 9	437	710	
Non-cash financing activities	17(c)	479	359	

The above statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Notes to the financial statements

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## **1** General information

These financial statements cover Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II ('the Fund') as an individual entity. The Fund was constituted on 9 June 1999. The Fund will terminate on 9 June 2079 unless terminated earlier in accordance with the provisions of the Fund's Constitution.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 19, 307 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD 4000. The financial statements are presented in the Australian currency.

The Responsible Entity is incorporated and domiciled in Australia.

The Custodian of the Fund is RBC Investor Services Trust.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 22 September 2020. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements after they have been issued.

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated in the following text.

#### (a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II is a for-profit fund for the purpose of preparing the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

The Fund manages financial assets at fair value through profit or loss based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be determined as at balance date.

In the case of net assets attributable to unitholders, the units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. As such, the amount expected to be settled within twelve months cannot be reliably determined.

#### (i) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Fund also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

#### (ii) New and amended standards adopted by the Fund

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 July 2019 that have a material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods or will affect the current or future periods.

#### (a) Basis of preparation (continued)

#### (iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 July 2020 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 July 2020, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

#### (b) Financial instruments

#### (i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial instruments based on its business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The Fund's portfolio of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund uses fair value information to assess performance of the portfolio and to make decisions to rebalance the portfolio or to realise fair value gains or minimise losses through sales or other trading strategies. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Equity securities and derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Any gains or losses arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the year the asset is derecognised as net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (iii) Measurement

#### Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately in the statement of comprehensive income. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

Net gains/(losses) on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss arising on a change in fair value are calculated as the difference between the fair value at year end and the fair value at the previous valuation point. Net gains/(losses) do not include interest or dividend income.

Further details on how the fair values of financial instruments are determined are disclosed in note 4.

#### (iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash based on the redemption price, which is equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value attributable to the unitholders, less any applicable transaction costs.

The units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at balance sheet date if the unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund. This amount represents the expected cash flows on redemption of these units.

Units are classified as equity when they satisfy the following criteria under AASB 132 *Financial instruments*: Presentation:

- the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation;
- the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Fund, and it is not a contract settled in the Fund's own equity instruments; and
- the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss.

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes deposits held at call with financial institutions.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

#### (e) Investment income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for all financial instruments that are not at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in note 2(b).

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Fund currently incurs withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax in profit or loss.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

#### (f) Expenses

All expenses, including manager's fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

## (g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided it attributes the entirety of its taxable income to unitholders.

The Fund currently incurs withholding taxes imposed by certain countries on investment income and capital gains. Such income or gains are recorded gross of withholding taxes in the statement of comprehensive income.

The benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

#### (h) Distributions

Distributions are payable as set out in the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and/or Fund's Constitution. Such distributions are recognised as payable when they are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Fund.

#### (i) Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The Fund's distributions are classified as distributions paid and payable in the statement of changes in equity.

#### (j) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Fund's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Fund competes for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Fund's presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at year end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss.

#### (k) Due from/to brokers

The due from/to broker balance is held for collection and consequently measured at amortised cost. These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### (I) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest, trust distributions and amounts due from brokers. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(e). Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

#### (I) Receivables (continued)

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. At each reporting date, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance on receivables at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Fund shall measure the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required. If the credit risk increases to the point that it is considered to be credit impaired, interest income will be calculated based on the gross carrying amount adjusted for the loss allowance. A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due. Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

The amount of the impairment loss is separately recognised in profit or loss. When a trade receivable for which an impairment allowance had been recognised becomes uncollectible in a subsequent year, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against other expenses in profit or loss.

#### (m) Payables

Payables include liabilities, amounts due to brokers and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

#### (n) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees, if any, when units are allocated in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

Unit redemption prices are determined by reference to the net assets of the Fund divided by the number of units on issue, less applicable transaction costs.

### (o) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as audit fees, custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 55% hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

#### (p) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the majority of the Fund's financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example over-the-counter derivatives or unquoted securities, are fair valued using valuation techniques which are periodically reviewed by experienced personnel.

Valuation techniques include using observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments. For more information on how fair value is calculated please see note 4 of the financial statements.

#### (q) Rounding of amounts

The Fund is an entity of the kind referred to in *ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

### 3 Financial risk management

#### (a) Objectives, strategies, policies and processes

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity ("the Board").

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods are explained below:

#### (b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: price risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. Market risk is managed and monitored using sensitivity analysis, and minimised through ensuring that all investment activities are undertaken in accordance with established mandates and investment strategies.

The market risk disclosures are prepared on the basis of the Fund's direct investments and not on a look-through basis for investments held in the Fund.

The Fund has exposure to different financial markets. The Fund may be materially affected by market, economic, social and/or political conditions globally and in the jurisdictions and sectors in which it invests or operates. The below table shows the Funds investments by geography as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019:

	As at		
	30 June	30 June	
	2020	2019	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Australia	24,004	31,740	
United States	1,147	1,995	
United Kingdom	70	-	
New Zealand	82	123	
	25,303	33,858	

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Market risk (continued)

#### (i) Price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of equities will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

Equity price risk exposure arises from the Fund's investment portfolio. The investments are classified in the statement of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

The Investment Manager mitigates this price risk through diversification and a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits set by the Board.

The Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Fund's Investment Manager and are reviewed at least quarterly by the Board.

Compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement is reported to the Board on a quarterly basis.

Net assets attributable to unitholders include investments in equity securities. At 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019, the overall market exposures to price risk were as follows:

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2020 \$'000	2019 \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	φ <b>000</b>	Ψ000
Listed unit trusts	23,870	30,495
Listed equities	1,394	2,768
Unlisted unit trusts	30	459
Unlisted equities Total financial assets		22 952
10141 1114110141 455815	25,294	33,853

The table below indicates the effect of price movement on net assets attributable to unitholders (and net operating profit/(loss), with all other variables held constant.

	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Equity price increased by 10%	2,529	3,385
Equity price decreased by 10%	(2,529)	(3,385)

#### (ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Fund holds assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar, the functional currency. It is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk, as the value of the securities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The Fund is not exposed to significant risks from movements in foreign exchange rates as the exposure to financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is not significant.

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

#### (b) Market risk (continued)

#### (iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The majority of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non interest bearing. Interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities mature or reprice in the short-term, no longer than twelve months. As a result, the Fund is subject to limited exposure to fair value interest rate risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

(i) Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once the securities purchased have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

#### (ii) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of AA- (as determined by the Standard & Poor's (S&P)).

(iii) Other

The Fund is not materially exposed to credit risk on other financial assets.

The clearing and depository operations for the Fund's security transactions are mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely RBC Investor Services Trust. RBC Investor Services Trust at 30 June 2020 had a credit rating of AA- (S&P) and Aa2 (Moody's). At 30 June 2020, all cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers and investments are held in custody by RBC Investor Services Trust.

(iv) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancements at the end of each reporting period is the carrying amount of the financial assets. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. This risk is controlled through the Fund's investment in financial instruments, which under normal market conditions are readily convertible to cash as the majority are listed on global exchanges. In addition, the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet normal operating requirements.

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Responsible Entity monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. The Fund's policy is reviewed annually. In order to manage the Fund's overall liquidity, the responsible entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders. The Fund did not reject or withhold any redemptions during 2020 and 2019.

The Fund's Constitution provides for daily application and redemption of units and it is therefore exposed to liquidity risk of meeting unitholder redemptions at any time. Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. At 30 June 2020, net assets attributable to unitholders was \$25,484,183 (2019: \$33,906,621).

### 3 Financial risk management (continued)

### (d) Liquidity risk (continued)

#### Maturity analysis for non-derivative financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

At 30 June 2020	Less than 1 month \$'000	1-3 months \$'000	3-12 months \$'000	12-60 months \$'000
Distributions payable Due to brokers - payable for securities	339	-	-	-
purchased Payables	160 115	- -	-	-
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	614	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Less than 1 month	1-3 months	3-12 months	12-60 months
At 30 June 2019	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Distributions payable Due to brokers - payable for securities	846	-	-	-
purchased	361	-	-	-
Payables	92			
Contractual cash flows (excluding derivatives)	1,299	<u> </u>		-

## 4 Fair value measurement

The Fund measures and recognises financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss on a recurring basis.

The Fund has no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the current reporting period.

#### Fair value hierarchy

#### Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

## 4 Fair value measurement (continued)

#### Fair value hierarchy (continued)

#### (i) Fair value in an active market (level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Fund values its investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2. For the majority of its investments, the Fund relies on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of its investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the last traded price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the last traded price. When the Fund holds derivatives with offsetting market risks, it uses mid-market prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions and applies this bid or asking price to the net open position, as appropriate.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

#### (ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (level 2 and level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other valuation techniques, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivatives that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Fund would receive or pay to terminate the contract at the end of reporting period taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties. The foreign currency contracts are valued at the forward rate.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such trusts.

Some of the inputs used may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

Valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

### 4 Fair value measurement (continued)

### Fair value hierarchy (continued)

### Recognised fair value measurements

The tables below set out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

As at 30 June 2020	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss:				
Listed unit trusts	23,870	-	-	23,870
Listed equities	1,394	-	-	1,394
Unlisted equities	-	-	-	-
Unlisted unit trusts	-	30	-	30
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	9	-	9
Total financial assets	25,264	39	-	25,303

As at 30 June 2019	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or				
loss:	~ ~ ~ ~ ~			~~ ~~ -
Listed unit trusts	30,495	-	-	30,495
Listed equities	2,768	-	-	2,768
Unlisted equities	131	-	-	131
Unlisted unit trusts	444	15	-	459
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	5	-	5
Total financial assets	33,838	20		33,858
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	1	-	1
Total financial liabilities	-	1	-	1

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

### (a) Fair value estimation

(i) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

There were no investments classified as level 3 as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

## 5 Dividend/Trust distribution income

	Year ended		
	<b>30 June</b> 30		
	2020	2019	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Dividends	44	69	
Trust distributions	1,256	1,372	
Total dividend/trust distribution income	1,300	1,441	

## 6 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	Year ended	
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets		
Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(7,705)	3,466
Net realised* gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,004	1,097
Total financial assets	(6,701)	4,563
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Net unrealised gain/(loss) on financial liabilities at fair value through profit or		
loss	1	17
Total financial liabilities	<u> </u>	17
Total net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(6,700)	4,580

\*Realised gains and losses are recorded using the historical cost information.

## 7 Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	Year ended		
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	
	\$	\$	
PricewaterhouseCoopers Australian firm			
Audit and other assurance services			
Audit and review of financial statements	11,960	11,500	
Audit of compliance plan	2,936	2,850	
Total remuneration of audit services	14,896	14,350	
Non-audit services			
Taxation compliance services	4,900	4,900	
Total remuneration for non-audit services	4,900	4,900	
Total remuneration for PricewaterhouseCoopers	19,796	19,250	

The fees for audit and non audit services are paid by the Investment Manager out of the management fee that they earn.

## 8 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions were paid/payable as follows:

		Year ended		
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2020	2020	2019	2019
	\$'000	CPU	\$'000	CPU
Distributions				
Distributions paid - December	223	1.0255	26	0.1104
Distributions payable - June	339	1.5958	846	3.7193
	562	2.6213	872	3.8297

## 9 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank	437	710
Total cash and cash equivalents	437	710

## 10 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	As at		
	<b>30 June</b> 30		
	2020	2019	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
Listed unit trusts	23,870	30,495	
Listed equities	1,394	2,768	
Unlisted unit trusts	30	459	
Unlisted equities	-	131	
Foreign currency contracts	9	5	
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	25,303	33,858	

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

## 11 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	As at	As at		
	30 June 2020 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000		
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Forward foreign exchange contracts Total financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		<u> </u>		

An overview of the risk exposures and fair value measurements relating to financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

### **12 Receivables**

	As at	
	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000
Accrued income	351	460
Applications receivable	-	6
GST receivable	7	10
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold	<u> </u>	163
Total receivables	358	639

## **13 Payables**

	As at		
	30 June		
	2020	2019	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Redemptions payable	63	10	
Accrued expenses	52	82	
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased	160	361	
Total payables	275	453	

## 14 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business the Fund enters into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Fund's portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- · hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility
- a substitution for trading of physical securities
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Fund.

The Fund holds the following derivative instruments:

#### Forward foreign exchange contracts

Forward foreign exchange contracts are primarily used by the Fund to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-Australian dollar denominated trading securities. The Fund agrees to receive or deliver a fixed quantity of foreign currency for an agreed upon price on an agreed future date. Forward foreign exchange contracts are valued at the prevailing bid price at the end of each reporting period. The Fund recognises a gain or loss equal to the change in fair value at the end of each reporting period.

## 14 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

The Fund's derivative financial instruments as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 are detailed below:

As at 30 June 2020	Fair values			
	Contract / notional \$'000	Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000	
Forward foreign exchange contracts	1,593	9		
As at 30 June 2019	Fair values			
	Contract / notional \$'000	Assets \$'000	Liabilities \$'000	
Forward foreign exchange contracts	2,084	5_	1	

An overview of the risk exposure relating to derivatives is included in note 3.

## 15 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 Financial instruments: Presentation, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Fund shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	As at			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	Units	Units	\$'000	\$'000
Balance as at 1 July	22,736,332	24,064,379	33,907	30,934
Applications	1,958,592	1,545,646	2,807	2,098
Redemptions	(3,784,238)	(3,152,894)	(5,464)	(4,340)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	321,379	279,201	479	359
Distributions paid and payable	-	-	(562)	(872)
Profit/(loss) for the year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(5,683)	5,728
Closing balance	21,232,065	22,736,332	25,484	33,907

As stipulated within the Fund's Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attached to it as all other units of the Fund.

#### Capital risk management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. Net assets attributable to unitholders are representative of the expected cash outflows on redemption, excluding any applicable transaction costs.

### 15 Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

The Fund monitors the level of daily applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund. The Fund's strategy is to hold a certain portion of the net assets attributable to unitholders in liquid investments. Liquid assets include cash and cash equivalents and listed equities. Under the terms of the Fund's Constitution, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust redemption of units, if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interest of the unitholders.

## 16 Related party transactions

#### **Responsible entity**

The Responsible Entity of the Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund - Series II is Pinnacle Fund Services Limited.

Pinnacle Investment Management Limited is the parent company of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited. Pinnacle Investment Management Group Limited is the ultimate holding company of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited.

Resolution Capital Limited is the Investment Manager of the Fund.

#### Key management personnel

#### Directors

Key management personnel include persons who were directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited and Pinnacle Investment Management Limited at any time during the financial year as follows:

Pinnacle Fund Services Limited

Mr I Macoun Mr A Ihlenfeldt Mr C Kwok Mr T O'Callaghan (resigned 5 August 2019) Mr A Whittingham (appointed 5 August 2019)

Pinnacle Investment Management Limited

Mr I Macoun Mr A Ihlenfeldt Mr A Whittingham

#### Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

## 16 Related party transactions (continued)

#### Management fees and other transactions

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable at year end between the Fund and the Responsible Entity and the Investment Manager were as follows:

	Year ended		
	30 June	30 June	
	2020	2019	
	\$	\$	
Management fees for the year paid/payable by the Fund Aggregate amount payable to the Investment Manager at the reporting date	255,430 52,317	293,022 82,011	

The management fee (0.92% p.a. from 1 July 2019 to 30 September 2019, reduced to 0.80% p.a. effective 1 October 2019) is calculated daily based on the net asset value of the Fund.

Responsible Entity fees are paid by the Investment Manager out of the fees that they earn.

#### **Related party unitholdings**

Parties related to the Fund (including Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, its related parties and other schemes managed by Pinnacle Fund Services Limited), held units in the Fund as follows:

#### 2020

Unitholders	Number of units held opening (Units)	Number of units held closing (Units)	Fair value of investment (\$)	Interest held (%)	Number of units acquired (Units)	Number of units disposed (Units)	Distributions paid/payable by the Fund (\$)
Resolution Capital Limited	-	66,715	79,925	0.31	66,715	-	1,721

#### Investments

The Fund did not hold any investments in Pinnacle Fund Services Limited or its related parties during the year.

#### Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited are paid by Pinnacle Services Administration Pty Ltd. Payments made from the Fund to Pinnacle Fund Services Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to key management personnel remuneration.

#### Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related parties at any time during the reporting period.

#### Other transactions within the Fund

From time to time directors of Pinnacle Fund Services Limited, or their director related entities, may invest in or withdraw from the Fund. These investments or withdrawals are on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other Fund investors and are not material in nature.

### 16 Related party transactions (continued)

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interest existing at year end.

## 17 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Year ended		
	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	
	\$'000	\$'000	
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities			
Net profits/(losses) for the year	(5,683)	5,728	
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	6,700	(4,580)	
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	20,045	10,311	
Purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(17,962)	(8,281)	
Increase in other receivables	3	-	
Distributions reinvested	(273)	(152)	
Net change in dividends/distributions receivable	109	30	
Net change in payables and other liabilities	(30)	4	
Net gains/(losses) on foreign exchange	5	(8)	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	2,914	3,052	
(b) Cash and cash equivalents		740	
Cash and cash equivalents	437	710	
-	437	710	
(c) Non-cash financing activities			
Distributions reinvested	479	359	
	479	359	

As described in note 2(i) income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The change in this amount each year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable.

## 18 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019.

## 19 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2020 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

## **Directors' declaration**

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 29 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act* 2001, including:
  - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
  - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date.
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) Note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Mr A Ihlenfeldt Director

Brisbane 22 September 2020



# Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund Series II

## Our opinion

### In our opinion:

The accompanying financial report of Resolution Capital Core Plus Property Securities Fund Series II (the Registered Scheme) is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Registered Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its financial performance for the year then ended
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

## What we have audited

The financial report comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020
- the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies
- the directors of the Responsible Entity's declaration.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Registered Scheme in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

## Other information

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 30 June 2020, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the directors of the Responsible Entity for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors of the Responsible Entity determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for assessing the ability of the Registered Scheme to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Responsible Entity either intends to liquidate the Registered Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at:

http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors\_responsibilities/ar4.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

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PricewaterhouseCoopers

Ben Woodbridge Partner

Brisbane 22 September 2020